

# **Curriculum Overview for Religious Education**

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Nursery (non statutory)	Celebrations and Harvest	Diwali and Christmas	Stillness and Reflection Chinese New Year	Family and community Easter	Care and reflection	Religious stories
Reception	Festivals, people and community	The best gift	Weddings	New life	Prayers and reflections	Religious stories
Year 1	Introducing Christian Beliefs	Exploring the Lord's Prayer	Bible Stories	Exploring Christian practices & Easter	Introducing Judaism	Living together happily
Year 2	Looking after the earth and thankfulness	Christian leaders Christmas	Bad choices put right	Beliefs about death Easter	Introducing Islam	Islamic practices and celebrations
Year 3	Life as a Muslim	Leaders and festivals	Justice and fairness	Why Easter is important	Introducing Sikhism	Sewa
Year 4	Deeper understanding of Christianity	Marking events in life Christmas	Good and evil	Jesus Easter	Introducing Hinduism	Life as a Hindu
Year 5	Life within Judaism	Pilgrimage Christmas	Beliefs about God	Exploring Jesus's life Easter	Responsibility and caring for the world	Humanism
Year 6	Introducing Buddhism	Beliefs about Prayer Christmas	Beliefs about Worship	Suffering Easter	Looking after the world	Religion and worldviews

#### **Early Years**

## **Educational Programmes** (Statutory)

#### Personal, Social and emotional development

Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others.

## Understanding the world

Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them - from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains.

## Expressive arts and design

Expressive Arts and Design The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity

#### **Playing and Exploring**

children investigate and experience things, and 'have a

## **Characteristics of Effective Learning**

**Active Learning** children concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter difficulties, and enjoy achievements

### **Creating and Thinking Critically**

children have and develop their own ideas, make links between ideas, and develop strategies for doing things

**Nursery** (Nonstatutory **Development** Matters)

## 3-4 year olds will be learning to:

Use a wider range of vocabulary

Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?"

Start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turn.

Develop their sense of responsibility and membership of a community.

Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves or in teams.

Engage in extended conversations about stories.

Begin to describe a sequence of events, using words such as 'first', 'then...'

Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary

Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things.

Continue developing positive attitudes about the differences between people.

Take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar.

Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment.

# Celebrating joyous occasions, harvest

How and why do we prepare for and celebrate a joyous occasion?

How and why do Christians celebrate Harvest?

How do we know that it's Harvest time?

Talk about, prepare and participate in tasting foods for celebrations.

## Exploring artefacts, dress and food

Talk about lifestyle, religious and cultural places and practices, dress, food and music Celebrating

#### Christmas

Why do Christians perform nativity plays at Christmas?

# **Knowledge and Skills**

## Celebrating belonging to a family and community

Develop curiosity and begin to ask questions about their own and other people's home and community life How do people, including those from religious groups, celebrate belonging? Exploring places of prayer, worship and

**reflection** Experience through the senses. candles, incense, flowers, water, foods and religious artefacts used in sacred spaces.

Where do you go to be silent/still/pray/reflect?

## How do we show care and concern for each other?

Who cares for us and who do we care for? Explore how and why religious people in the local community help others through their work Listen to stories about religious characters including leaders helping others.

How can we help others when they need it? Share stories that encourage the children to think about what type of person the prophet Muhammad was through his actions towards the care of animals.

	Hear religious stories Share the Christmas story using puppets, small world or Lego figures, retell stories from holy books Symbols and actions Explore some religious artefacts through the senses showing respect for beliefs.	Create a reflective area, with the children, inside or out where they can participate in periods of stillness and reflection Listen to sounds, music, voices and instruments and listen in silence to their own thoughts Exploring the Easter story - Sources of wisdom Read an account of the Easter events from a children's bible Why do Christians put a cross in an Easter garden?	What makes the world so wonderful? - Ultimate questions Share a range of stories from different faith traditions about the beginning of the world Human responsibility and values Share works of art and listen to religious stories, poetry and music, which express awe and wonder at the natural world. Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians? Explore themes from the Spirited Arts competition
Herts RE Syllabus (non Statutory)	Autumn Celebrating joyous occasions, harvest Exploring artefacts, dress and food Celebrating Christmas	Spring Celebrating belonging to a family and community Exploring places of prayer, worship and reflection Exploring the Easter story	Summer How do we show care and concern for each other? What makes the world so wonderful?
Reception (Non- statutory Development Matters)	Reception children will be learning to: Learn new vocabulary. Use new vocabulary through the day. Ask questions to find out more and to check they unders Describe events in some detail. Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and u Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familia Use new vocabulary in different contexts. Engage in non-fiction books. See themselves as a valuable individual. Build constructive and respectful relationships. Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others Think about the perspectives of others. Talk about members of their immediate family and comr Name and describe people who are familiar to them. Understand that some places are special to members of t Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrat	nderstanding.  Prity with the text, some as exact repetition and some  nunity.  The index of the community o	in their own words.
	Festivals, people and communities  How and why do we prepare for and celebrate a joyous occasion?  What are the similarities and differences between	Exploring wedding ceremonies Explore what happens at a wedding and what is important about the ceremony. Explore similarities between weddings in a	Sacred spaces, simple prayers and time to reflect Why is it important to experience times of quiet? Share a stilling exercise in which children can

What are the similarities and differences between people's joyous times?

# Symbols and actions

Which place do you know that is important to you? Why is it important?

Explore similarities between weddings in a variety of cultures and religious traditions

# Creation, awe and wonder of the natural world

What is happening in the natural world this term? Notice and express through art, music,

Why is it important to experience times of quiet? Share a stilling exercise in which children can experience quiet reflection and silence Which places are important to the pupils, people in the community and a religious family?

	Which religious symbols can you see in the local place of worship?  Jesus' birthday story  How do Christians celebrate the birth of Jesus?  What is the best gift we can give?	poetry and dance the feethat come from the nature What happens at Easter again?  Remembering Jesus at Which symbols are associated what do Christians do at of the story?  Symbols and actions  Which symbols are associated which symbols are associated which symbols are associated what do Christians do at of the story?	Easter Ciated with Easter? Easter to remind them Ciated with Easter?	Create a reflective area, with the children, inside or out where they can participate in periods of stillness and reflection  Treating the world fairly - taking responsibility  How do we know what is right/ wrong/ fair?  Listen to stories about religious characters including leaders helping others.  What are the kind and unkind ways of treating each other and the world?  God and other big questions - Ultimate questions How did God make the world?  What makes the world so wonderful? Who is God?  Further explore themes from the Spirited Arts competition	
Early					
Learning Goals (ELG) -	Communication & Language	<u>e</u>		Social and Emotional Development	
END of	Listening, Attention and Understanding -Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with rel	levant questions	Self-regulation	g of their own feelings and those of others, and	
Reception	comments and actions when being read to and during wh		begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly		
	small group interactions		- Give focussed attention to what the teacher says, responding		
	Speaking		appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow		
	-Participate in small group, class and on-to-one discussion	ns, offering their own	instructions involving several ideas or actions.		
	ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary	C	Managing Self		
	<ul> <li>Offer explanations for why things might happen, making introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes a</li> </ul>		- Explain the reasons for accordingly	rules, know right from wrong and try to behave	
	appropriate	mu poems when	Building relationships		
	- Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences	using full sentences.		ents to adults and friendships with peers	
	including use of the past, present and future tenses and m	aking use of		sitivity to their own and to others' needs.	
	conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teach			<u>Literacy</u>	
	Understanding the World		Comprehension	and the angle of the character and the character	
	Past and present -Talk about the lives of the people around them and their	roles in society		nding of that has been read to them by retelling using their own words and recently introduces	
	People, Culture and Communities	Toles in society	vocabulary.	ising their own words and recently introduces	
	-Know some similarities and differences between differen	nt religious and cultural		cently introduced vocabulary during discussions	
	communities in their county, drawing on their experience			on, rhymes and poems and during role-play.	
	read in class				
Herts RE Syllabus	<b>Autumn</b> Let me tell you a story	<b>Spring</b> Exploring wedding cerer	nonios	Summer Sacred spaces, simple prayers and time to reflect	
Syllabus	Exploring places, dress, food and music	Creation, awe and wonder		Treating the world fairly – taking responsibility	
	Jesus' birthday story	Remembering Jesus at Ea		God and other big questions	
Vocabulary	Religion Special books Special places Special stories Praye	er, Christmas Easter Bible	Church Jesus, Moses Pass	over Torah Synagogue Star of David, Allah, Prophet	
	Religion Special books Special places Special stories Prayer, Christmas Easter Bible Church Jesus, Moses Passover Torah Synagogue Star of David, Allah, Prophe Muhammad, Qur'an, Mosque, Hindu, mandir, divali, Aum, Sikh, Guru Nanak, Gurdwara, Guru Granth Sahib, Buddha, shrine, temple (vihara), Non-religious				

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 1	Ultimate questions Explo belonging, meaning and tr		<b>Sources of wisdom</b> Retell and suggest	<b>Beliefs and practices</b> Recall and name	Prayer, worship and reflection Respond and	Human responsibility and values
Herts Agreed Syllabus	express their own ideas an media  Prayer, worship and reflect on what individuals why, so that pupils begin t prayer, worship and reflect community  Beliefs and practices Received Services and practices inclusives.	ection Respond and s and communities do and o understand what ction means to a religious call and name different ding festivals, worship, order to find out about the ad values al life examples of how	meanings to some sources of wisdom and stories of faith and belief, exploring and discussing sacred writings and sources of wisdom and recognising the traditions from which they come Justice and fairness Reflect on ideas about what is right and wrong and consider how spiritual and moral values influence the behaviour and choices of themselves and of others	different beliefs and practices including festivals, worship, rituals and ways of life in order to find out about the meanings behind them  Identify and belonging Notice and talk about how groups express their identity and belonging: listen to and talk with people, including leaders who belong to a faith community, about how their commitment affects their life.	reflect on what individuals and communities do and why, so that pupils begin to understand what prayer, worship and reflection means to a religious community Sources of wisdom Retell and suggest meanings to some sources of wisdom and stories of faith and belief, exploring and discussing sacred writings and sources of wisdom and recognising the traditions from which they come	Respond to stories and real life examples of how and why people show care and concern for humanity and the world <b>Symbols and actions</b> Recognise how and why symbols and actions express religious meaning, appreciating some similarities between communities
<b>Destination</b> questions	Recap: Can you remember talking about the different beliefs that our friends have in reception?  Which groups do we belong to? What do I believe? Who do Christians believe in? What do many Christians believe about how the world was made? Why is the Bible holy and sacred for Christians?	Recap: Can you remember talking about Jesus's birthday story in Reception?  Which prayer did Jesus teach his friends? What are the messages in the Lord's prayer? What does the Lord's prayer teach Christians to do? Who visited Jesus and what did they bring? Interfaith week 2022: Can you create a recipe for living together happily?	Recap: Can you remember thinking about the difference between right and wrong in Reception?  What happens in the story of The Lost Sheep? What did Jesus say to Zacchaeus? Which values are in story of Noah? What does 'The house on the rock' tell Christians to do? Which rules do Christians have to follow?	Recap: Can you remember visiting All Saints church in Reception?  How do Christians worship in our local community? How do Christians celebrate babies in church? Which symbols are important for Christians? What is the story of Easter? Why does Easter matter to Christians?	Recap: Can you remember some of the things that Christians believe from the Autumn Term?  How do we remember what is important? Which objects are important to Jewish believers and why? Why is the Torah read with a yad? What is the mezuzah? Which stories are important to Jewish people? What is it like in a synagogue?	Recap: Can you remember talking about our different beliefs at the start of the year?  Why is the menorah special for Jewish people? What do Jewish people celebrate on Shabbat? What is similar about Christianity and Judaism? Why is it good to keep promises? How do Jewish people help others? How can we help others?

Vocabulary	Next Step:You will be learning about the important prayer that Christians say.  altar, belief, believe, belong, bible, Buddhism, Christian, Christianity, church, creation story, creation, Creator, faith, family, God, Hallowed father, Holy Spirit, Humanism, important, Islam, Jesus, Judaism, Lord's prayer, religion, sacred, Sikhism, symbols, teacher, trinity.	Can you spend time reflecting?  Next Step:You will be learning about the stories that Jesus told his friends when he grew up.  (Including the words from the previous sequence)  Angel, celebrate, celebration, Christmas, festival, Harvest, Joseph, Mary, nativity, shepherds, stable, thankful, wise men,	Next Step:You will find out more about what happens when Christians visit a church.  (Including the words from the previous sequences)  Belonging, commandments, cooperation, gospel, holiness, honour, message, moral, obey, parable, rules for living, trust, worship.	Next Step:You will learn more about why light is important to Christians in Year 2. Can you remember when Christians use light?  (Including the words from the previous sequences)  All Saints Church, baptism, baptized, candles, Christening, church, cross, died, doves, Easter, font, heaven, light, local community, rainbow, symbol, tomb, water	Next Step:Can you remember how Christians use light? We are going to think about how Jewish people use light.  Ark, bimah, Jewish, Joseph, Judaism, Mezuzah, Moses, Passover, Star of David, Synagogue, Torah, yad	Next Step:In year 2 you will think more about how to look after others and the earth. Can you remember how the tzedakah box helps Jewish people to look after others?  (Including the words from the previous sequences)  Accept, Express, Hanukkah, Peace, Respect, Shabbat, Tolerance, Tzedakah
Year 2 Herts Agreed Syllabus	Human responsibility and values Explore how people show concern for each other and the world around them Identify and belonging Notice and talk about how groups express their identity and belonging: listen to and talk with people, including leaders who belong to a faith community, about how their commitment affects their life.	Beliefs and practices Give at least three examples of different beliefs and practices, including festivals, worship, rituals and ways of life, and explain some meanings behind them. Prayer, worship and reflection Communicate through talk or gesture about prayer. Experience periods of stillness and reflection	Justice and fairness Understand what is right, wrong and fair	Ultimate questions Use imagination and curiosity to develop their wonder of the world and ask questions about it.  Beliefs and practices Give at least three examples of different beliefs and practices, including festivals, worship, rituals and ways of life, and explain some meanings behind them.	Prayer, worship and reflection Communicate through talk or gesture about prayer. Experience periods of stillness and reflection Sources of wisdom Retell and suggest meanings to some sources of wisdom and stories of faith and belief, exploring and discussing sacred writings and sources of wisdom and recognising the traditions from which they come	Symbols and actions Communicate about people, places and religious symbols and artefacts Justice and fairness Understand what is right, wrong and fair

<b>Destination</b> questions	Recap: Can your remember how Jewish people use a tzedakah box to look after others? ) How do some charities look after people who are in need? How might the creation story help Christians and Jewish people to look after Earth? How should we treat the earth? How do Christians celebrate the fruitfulness of the earth? What is Sukkot and how is it celebrated?	Recap: Can you remember the creation story according to Christians and Jewish people? Can you think of how and why questions you can ask a vicar? What does a vicar do and why? What did the angels tell the shepherds? Why does Christmas matter to Christians?  Interfaith week: How we can live together when we are all so different? How does a period of reflection make you feel?	Recap: Can you remember any of the stories from the bible that we read last year? How can our beliefs affect how we behave? What are good and bad actions? How did Jacob put things right with Esau? What does the story of Jacob and Esau teach Christians and Jewish people? How does the parable of the Two Sons teach Christians to behave?	Recap: Can you remember the events of the Easter story? What happens to people after they die? Can you ask a range of questions about the Easter story? How and why do Christians celebrate Easter? What shape are many churches and why?  Next Step: Next year we will think about why	Recap: Do you remember learning what Christians and Jewish people believe about God? What do Muslims call God? What do Muslims believe about Allah? What might the 99 names of Allah teach Muslims? What do Islamic stories teach Muslims? What is it like inside a mosque?	Recap: Can you remember the important prayer for Christians? How often to Muslims pray? What do Muslims use to help them pray? What do Muslims do during Ramadan? What might Muslims say to each other during Eid- ul-Fitr? What might the most important part of Eid-ul- Fitr be for Muslims?
	Next Step:We will be thinking more about how Christians make choices about how to behave in the Spring term.	Next Step:You think about how Advent is celebrated around the world in Year 3.	Next Step:In the summer term you will listen to stories that teach Muslims how to behave.	Christians call the day Jesus died 'Good Friday'.	<b>Next Step:</b> We will think about how Muslims pray and celebrate Eid.	Next Step:You will learn about the 5 pillars of Islam which help to guide Muslims.
Vocabulary	Christian, God, Creator, Christmas, Jesus, church, altar, Bible, Holy Spirit, Religion, faith, belief, sacred. Creation story, period of reflection, stillness, reflect, prayer, pray, Lord's prayer, amen Celebration, thankful, festival, Sukkah, Sukkot	symbol, represent, values, pride, ambition, respect, kindness	rules for living, co- operation, belonging, worship, holiness, gospel, responsibility, concern, local community, charity, justice, fairness	Baptism, Christening, Easter, font, symbol, rose from the dead, crucified.	Muslim, Islam, Allah, Prophet, mosque, Eid, Qur'an, moon and star, Prophet Muhammad	Wudu, mosque, Eid-al- Fitr, symbol, Salah, honour, creator, moral
Year 3	Sources of wisdom	Identity and belonging	Human responsibility	Beliefs and practices	Symbols and actions	Beliefs and practices
Herts Agreed Syllabus	Show awareness, describe and interpret a range of stories, sacred writings, psalms, poems,	Show an understanding of some of the challenges individuals face when belonging to a	and values Illustrate how diverse communities can live together respectfully	Describe, make connections and reflect on some religious beliefs and practices studied,	Explain how a range of beliefs, symbolic expression and actions (verbal and non-verbal)	Describe, make connections and reflect on some religious beliefs and practices studied,

	hymns, prayers and artefacts. Develop an understanding of the impact on individual believers.  Identity and belonging Show an understanding of some of the challenges individuals face when belonging to a faith community.  Demonstrate how it may help them. Explore how some religious people are guided by their religious leaders	faith community.  Demonstrate how it may help them. Explore how some religious people are guided by their religious leaders  Beliefs and practices  Describe, make connections and reflect on some religious beliefs and practices studied, including how celebrations and key moments in life are marked	sharing the same important values and sense of responsibility <b>Justice and fairness</b> Consider and discuss questions on matters that are important in the world including choices about what is right and what is wrong	including how celebrations and key moments in life are marked Symbols and actions Explain how a range of beliefs, symbolic expression and actions (verbal and non-verbal) can communicate meaning to individual followers. Describe some similarities between communities	can communicate meaning to individual followers. Describe some similarities between communities Prayer, worship and reflection Describe why and where worshippers connect to prayer and worship. Participate in periods of stillness and quiet thought and where appropriate express personal reflections	including how celebrations and key moments in life are marked Ultimate questions Respond to a range of challenging 'if' and 'why' questions about making sense of the world, expressing personal reflections
Destination questions	Recap: Can you remember why Muslims use a prayer mat?  What does Ibadah mean for Muslims? What helps Muslims live a life dedicated to the worship of Allah? How do the Five Pillars help Muslims express their faith? What makes the Qur'an priceless? Can you ask questions about the Qur'an? How should people treat the Muslim Qur'an?	Recap: Can you remember who the leaders are in a church, synagogue and a mosque?  How does a vicar guide their congregation? What is the role of a Rabbi? How might an Imam support his local community? How do believers celebrate different festivals in spiritual ways? How are Advent and Christmas, celebrated around the world? (Netherlands, Germany, Japan)  Interfaith week 2022 - How can religious architecture express meaning beyond words?	Recap: Can you remember any of the parables that you have learnt about in RE? How do they help Christians?  Why might there be different ideas about what is important and what is valued? Does fairness mean everyone gets the same? What can believers learn from the religious stories: The Parable of the Sheep and Goats or The Widow's Mite? Why are there good and bad people in the world? How might religion help people to be good?	Recap: Can you remember how and why Christians celebrate Easter?  How is Lent and Easter celebrated around the world? What do Christians do during Lent? What were the events of Holy week? Why do Christians call the day Jesus died Good Friday? Why is the cross important to Christians? (assessment activity)	Recap: What are some of the key things that are important to people with faith?  Can you ask big questions? What do stories of the Gurus encourage Sikhs to do? Where do Sikhs worship? Why is the Guru Granth Sahib treated with respect? Why did Guru Nanak set up the town of Kartapur? What can you find out from meeting a Sikh?	Recap: What would you say is the core value of Sikhism? (kindness or equality)  What is sewa? How do tan, man and dhan encourage Sikhs to live? How are people treated in the langar? How does sewa help Sikhs to be God centred? Why is sewa important to Sikhs? How can we encourage equality?

	<b>Next Step:</b> We are going to learn about an inspirational Islamic leader.	Next Step:In the summer term you will learn about how Gurus guide Sikhs, are there any similarities among the leaders you have studied this half term?	Next Step:In the summer term you will be learning about what a Sikh would say is fair – what helps promote fairness?	Next steps: Next year you will be thinking about the events that followed Easter. What do you think happened next in Jesus's story?	Next steps: You will find out about how the teachings of the Guru shape Sikh behaviour. Can you remember how the story of Jacob and Esau encourages Christians and Jewish people to behave?	Next steps: In year 4 you will learn about a pilgrimages and one of these will be important for Sikhs.
Vocabulary	Adhan, Allah, aqiqah, Islam, moon and star, mosque, Muslim, paradise, Prophet, Qur'an, tahneek	Christian, Christmas, church, Creator, God, Gospel, Holy Spirit, Jesus, Heaven, Trinity	Charity, fairness, illustrate, important, Justice, right, parable, wrong	Almsgiving, Easter Fasting, Festival, Harvest, liturgy, Mardi Gras, Messiah, Pentecost, sacrifice	Gurdwara, Guru Granth Sahib, Guru Nanak, The 10 Gurus, Kaur, The 5 Ks, the Khalsa, Langar, , Sikh, Sikhi, Singh, Vaisakhi	(Including the words from the previous sequence) action, charter, choice, commitment, decision, impact, Khalsa, Morals, right, Sewa, values, wrong
Year 4  Herts Agreed Syllabus	Sources of wisdom Show awareness, describe and interpret a range of stories, sacred writings, psalms, poems, hymns, prayers and artefacts. Develop an understanding of the impact on individual believers Ultimate questions Respond to a range of challenging 'if' and 'why' questions about making sense of the world, expressing personal reflections	Beliefs and practices Describe, make connections and reflect on some religious beliefs and practices studied, including how celebrations and key moments in life are marked	Identity and belonging Show an understanding of some of the challenges individuals face when belonging to a faith community. Demonstrate how it may help them. Explore how some religious people are guided by their religious leaders Human responsibility and values Illustrate how diverse communities can live together respectfully sharing the same important values and sense of responsibility	Sources of wisdom Show awareness, describe and interpret a range of stories, sacred writings, psalms, poems, hymns, prayers and artefacts. Develop an understanding of the impact on individual believers	Justice and fairness Consider and discuss questions on matters that are important in the world including choices about what is right and what is wrong Symbols and actions Explain how a range of beliefs, symbolic expression and actions (verbal and non-verbal) can communicate meaning to individual followers. Describe some similarities between communities	Ultimate questions Respond to a range of challenging 'if' and 'why' questions about making sense of the world, expressing personal reflections
<b>Destination</b> questions	Recap: What might help a Christian through their life? What is the holy trinity?	Recap: Can you remember how some people welcome new babies?	Recap: What is the one thing you think people can do to live happily alongside others?	Recap: Can you recall a fact about Jesus?  Who was Jesus and what did he do?	Recap: Which religions have you learn about so far? What might be important to a Hindu?	<b>Recap:</b> What were the key parts of the Ramayana?

	Which commandments guide Christians? What did Jesus say about how Christians should live? How might a Christian family decide to live? Is it sometimes difficult for believers to follow their guidance?	Why do people have parties? If you went to a bat mitzvah, what would you see and hear? What do British Hindus say about life after death? What is significant about myrrh in the events of Christmas and Easter? How are Advent and Christmas, celebrated around the world? (Denmark, Mexico or Italy) Interfaith week 2022: How	Is it always easy to be good? How do you decide what is good? What is evil? What do religious and non-religious worldviews say about good and evil? If there is a crisis, how might a community come together?	What might Christians say are the most important attitudes and values that Jesus inspired? What can we find out about the Eucharist? Which is more important for Christians: Christmas or Easter? When Jesus left what was the impact of Pentecost?	Who is Brahma? What is important to a Hindu? Why do Hindus use a shrine? What happens during Diwali? How is the Aum symbol used and what does it mean? How does a Hindu priest guide his followers?	What can Hindus learn from the story of the Ramayana? Can you explain the importance of part of the Ramayana for Hindus? What are the four Purusharthas? How does moksha affect the life of a Hindu? Are the ashramas a helpful guide? What might a day in the life of a Hindu look like?
Vocabulary	Next steps: Our learning about the trinity will also be relevant when we learn about Brahma. What is the key message about the holy trinity?  Holy Spirit God the Creator, Trinity, Heaven, sacred, worship, ultimate	can religious architecture express meaning beyond words?  Next Steps:In the spring term we will be thinking about the importance of Christmas and Easter for Christians. Why are these festivals important?  Religion, spiritual, commitment, values, prayer, pilgrim, pilgrimage, ritual	Next steps: We will continue to think about rules for living in year 5. Think of one rule you could try to live life by.  Symbol, community, worship, devotion, belief, life after death, destiny, soul, inspiration, rolemodel	Next Steps: Why was Jesus so important to Christians? We will be answering deeper questions about Easter next year.  Christian, Christmas, Easter, Pentecost, Harvest Festival, Messiah, liturgy, church, Gospel, Jesus,	Next Steps :we are going to think about the message of the Ramayana for Hindus.  Brahma, Brahman, Vishnu, Shiva, Hindu, mandir, Diwali, Aum Murtis, gods, goddesses, puja, home shrine, devotion, holi, Dharma	Next Steps: You will need to use your knowledge of Hinduism to answer some harder questions in year 5. What are the top 5 things you are going to remember to help you?  Rama, Sita, Ramanyana, respect, golden rule, ashramas

Year 5

Herts Agreed Syllabus **Beliefs and practices** Describe, make connections and reflect on some religious and worldviews studied, using specific religious vocabulary about how celebrations and key moments in life are marked by different communities

**Sources of wisdom** Show awareness, respond to and interpret a range of stories, sacred writings and sources of wisdom, recognising and understanding the impact within different communities and on individual believers

**Symbols and actions** Compare how and why a range of beliefs expression and actions communicate different meaning to individuals within communities. Identify and describe similarities and differences between and within communities

**Prayer, worship and reflection** Through enquiry and experience, demonstrate worshippers' connection to prayer, faith and sacred spaces **Identity and belonging** Show and express insights into the challenges of individual commitment, belonging and faith. Raise questions on guidance and leadership in their own and others' lives

	Human responsibility and responsibility. Use person Justice and fairness Eval possible effects of different		rse communities can live tog challenge how individual an estions applying their own a	gether identifying common d collective responsibility is and others ideas about resp	values, justice, respect and s s shaped by faith and belief onsibility and what is right	and wrong, considering
Destination questions	Recap: Can you remember learning about what is important to Jewish people in Year 1?  Who was Moses and how did he lead his people? How do different members of the Jewish community use the Torah? How does Tikkun Olam, impact the lives of some Jews? What are the challenges for modern Jews to keep Shabbat and to be kosher?	Recap: What does the Christmas story say the journey from Bethlehem to Nazareth was like for Mary and Joseph?  Why and how are Saints remembered? What are the challenges and rewards of Hajj? How might a pilgrimage make a Sikh feel? What connections can we make between religious pilgrimages? What is the difference between the sacred and secular Christmas?  Interfaith week 22 - How do you feel when you reflect? What can we find out about prayer, reflection, meditation and stillness in different religions and worldviews?	Recap: What are some of the key beliefs about God that you can remember according to the religions and worldviews you have studied?  If you had an important message, how would you send it? Are there similarities between different views about God? How might ideas about God affect people's lives? How do you believe we can live a good life?	Recap: Which parables can you remember and what were their messages?  What do the parables of the kingdom teach Christians? If Christians are in God's kingdom, how should they live? How do Jews celebrate Passover? Was Jesus the messiah? If God sent another messenger to earth, what would they say?	Recap: What can you recall from your prior learning about how religions and worldviews encourage people to treat others and the world?  What is special about the world around you? How do people put their beliefs about the world into action? What do religions teach about caring for the environment? If we lived in a perfect world, what would it look like? What is the difference between prejudice and discrimination? Is it possible to live in a truly peaceful world?	Recap: Which non-religious views about good and evil can you recall?  Why don't some people believe in God? What is a Humanist approach to life? Which values are important to Humanists? Where do Humanist find meaning in life? What can we learn about life from non-religious stories?
	<b>Next Step:</b> In the spring term you will think more about Jewish beliefs.	Next steps: Next term we will finding out more about non-religious worldviews.	Next steps: Can you think of some key similarities of beliefs across the religions and worldviews that you have studied?	Next steps: Next year you will learn about the Christian Easter story in greater depth and will investigate beliefs about the resurrection.	Next steps: Is there any knowledge that you have gained in this unit you could use to be a more tolerant person?	Next Steps:We will continue to use our knowledge of non religious views when learning in RE – what 5 key facts will you remember about Humanism to help you?

Vocabulary	Jewish, Judaism, Abraham and Sarah, Moses, Exodus, Law- giver, Ten Commandments, Passover / Pesach, Day of Atonement. Judaism, Jewish, Torah, Shabbat, Pesach, Hanukkah, Ten Commandments, persecution, prejudice, Shalom, remembrance, patriarch, King David, King Solomon, Purim, Prophet, Isaiah, Daniel. Tenakh, Havdalah, Chuppah, Kabbalah, Messiah, Noachide Laws, Yom Hashoah, Yom Kippur, Zionism, liberal, reform, Orthodox, Shema, shofar, wisdom	Pilgrimage, saints, Lourdes, Hajj, Golden Temple, personal journey, sacred, secular	Non-religious, Humanist, Golden Rule, worldview, spiritual but not religious, atheist, ethics, agnostic, secular, rationalist.	Christian, Jesus, Bible, Creation and Fall, Gospel, Letters of Saint Paul, <b>Trinity</b> , Incarnation, Holy Spirit, resurrection, Christmas, Holy Week, Easter, <b>Pentecost</b> , Eucharist, agape, advent, disciple,	Harmony, respect, justice, faith, interfaith, tolerance, moral values, religious plurality, moral codes, holiness, spiritual, inspiration, vision, symbol, community, commitment, values, sources of wisdom, spiritual, Golden Rule, charity, place of worship, sacred text, devotion, prayer, worship, compassion.	God, deity, <b>supreme</b> being, <b>avatar</b> , atheist, <b>agnostic</b> , Trinity, Trimurti, <b>monotheist</b> , Bhagavad Gita, Bible
Year 6	_		d reflect on some religious a	and worldviews studied, usi	ng specific religious vocabu	lary about how
Howto Agreed	_	ents in life are marked by d		accord www.biscocond accord	fiadaus usasauisius su	d un donatan din a th o
Herts Agreed Syllabus		awareness, respond to and mmunities and on individua	interpret a range of stories, al believers	sacred writings and source	s of wisdom, recognising an	a understanding the
<i>5</i> , 110, 015	Symbols and actions Con	npare how and why a range	of beliefs expression and ac	tions communicate differen	t meaning to individuals wi	thin communities. Identify
		nd differences between and				
			d experience, demonstrate v			
	in their own and others' liv		to the challenges of individu	ial commitment, belonging	and faith. Raise questions of	n guidance and leadership
			wers to challenging questio	ns about helonging meaning	σ and truth	
			rse communities can live to			shared human
			challenge how individual an			
	Justice and fairness Evalu	uate and ask challenging qu	estions applying their own a			and wrong, considering
	possible effects of differen		_	_	_	T -
<b>Destination</b>	=		Recap: What can you			<b>Recap:</b> Which religions
questions	remember Hindu beliefs	learnt about prayer?	recall about Muslim	your learning about good	recall about creation	and belief have you
	about karma?	How many people pray?	prayer?	and evil? What was evil described as?	stories?	learnt about in RE at The Lea?
	How did Siddhartha	What are the similarities	Worship within	uescribeu us:	What can we learn from	Leu:
	Gautama become a	and differences between	religions: what is the	If there is a god, why is	theology about how to	What is a worldview?
	religious teacher?	organised community	same, what is different?	there evil and suffering?	look after the world?	What is a religion?

	What are Buddhists taught about suffering? Considering the eightfold path, how do Buddhists try to follow the Buddha's example? Why is karma important to Buddhists? How can light bring a community together?	prayer and personal prayer? Do people of different religious traditions think about prayer in the same way? Are there similarities and differences in prayer in different traditions?  Interfaith week 22 - How is religious faith expressed in poetry, film, stained glass and drama?	Who believes in transubstantiation? How is worship different in orthodox and reform synagogues? Why do Muslims pray 5 times a day? What have you learnt about worship?	How would a Christian defend God in the face of suffering? What are the similarities and differences between Easter celebrations?	How do environmental scientists determine how our actions affect the environment? Why might using both theology and environmental science together be helpful to being good stewards when making decisions about actions that affect the natural world?	What influences a belief or idea? Can you ascertain another persons world views? What is your world view?
	Next steps: In the summer you will reflect on religions and world views. Is Buddhism a religion or a worldview?	Next steps: You will be thinking about similarities and differences within worship practices. Do all Christians pray and worship in the same way?	Next Steps: How did you learn about the different worship practices? How could you find out the answer to questions and religions and worldviews moving forward?	Next steps: Which key vocabulary about Easter do you think will be key in in your lessons at secondary school?	Next steps: In your final unit of RE you are going to think deeply about your personal views, what are your views on how to look after the environment?	Next Steps: How will knowing about your own world view benefit your learning in your RE lessons at secondary school?
Vocabulary	Buddha, shrine, temple (vihara), Dharma, Sangha, Wesak, Siddhartha Gautama, Meditation, , the Four Sights, Enlightenment, Kathina, The Four Noble Truths, Boddhisatva,	Praise, confession, intercession, petition, psychology, religious studies	Adhan, Amidah, Communion, Orthodox, Protestant, Reform, Roman Catholic, Shema, Shi'a, Sunni, tallith, turbah, transubstantiation	God, philosophy, theology, argument, omnipotent, benevolent free will	Theology, environmental science, natural science, hypothesis, experiment, khalifah, Hadith, steward, Guru Granth Sahib, daya, guru	Worldviews, religion, influence, connections, religious dimensions, tolerance, respect, critical